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Canyon lake ca fishing report 2019

Owned by Chris Reece of Social Distortion, Pike Bar sports an interior decorated with retro punk, nautical, and grand prix themes, and if a tasty family resto during the day and a popular drink spot at night. Chow down on fresh seafood, pasta and sandwiches for dinner and stay late for DJ sets and dance parties. Say the word Guntersville and bass fishermen all over the United States brighten up their ears. The lake has an almost mystical reputation for large stringers of bass, especially at the end of winter. This reputation has been built up over the years by the great catches there in tournaments, and most of the national trials visit the lake every year. From the dam near Guntersville in northeast Alabama, the lake stretches 76 miles up the Tennessee River into Tennessee. It is Alabama's largest reservoir of waters covering 67,900 acres and 890 shoreline miles. It remains very stable as TVA requires a fixed depth in its channels. Water will rarely vary more than two meters in depth, which is good as large areas of the lake are very shallow apartments. Built between 1936 and 1939, Guntersville has seen a lot of changes in the bass population. The lake is very fertile and full of hydrilla and milfoil, but one of the main reasons why the bass is so big now is the size limit. On 1Oc to 1 October 1993, a size limit of 15 inches was set on bass. This size limit now includes smallmouth and largemouth, and it provides smaller, faster growing bass to reach the size of the quality. According to Alabama DCNR, there are an increasing number of bass larger than 15 inches in the lake each year, and they are in good shape. The number of bass 12 to 24 inches long has consistently increased each year since the size limit took effect. In the BAIT study, Guntersville has the highest weight per bass and the shortest time to catch a bass over five pounds of all lakes reported. All this doesn't mean Guntersville is a piece of cake when it comes to catching keeper bass. The BAIT study shows Guntersville ranking pretty far down the list in percentage of angler success, number of bass per angler day and pounds of bass per angler day. If you don't know the lake, every hectare of it looks like it keeps bass, and you can spend a lot of time with nothing but casting practices. Randy Tharp knows the lake well. Although he has fished all his life, he got started tournament fishing with a club about seven years ago and really liked it. He started fishing guntersville in 2002 and now has a place on the lake. He has learned his secrets and has had great success there. In 2007 Randy placed first in the point positions in both the Bama and Choo Choo Divisions of the BFL. He came in third in the Bama BFL at Guntersville last February then placed first in that division in September and second there in the Choo Choo Division the same month. The last few years sound like a dream in Randy's résumé at Guntersville. In 2006 he finished second in the Bassmasters Series Crimson Division in March and eighth in this series Division the same month, won the seventh annual Kickin' Bass Coaches tournament there in June, got a fifth in the Bassmasters Series Crimson Division in September, and second in the Choo Choo BFL in September. He also won the 2005 BITE Tournament at Guntersville in April and finished second in the BITE Championship there in November. Guntersville has played an important role in Randy's tournament wins and has helped him get Ranger Boats and Chattanooga Fish-N-Fun as sponsors. He plans to fish in the Stren series and some other major trials like BASS Opens if he can get into this year. Randy gets excited when thinking about fishing Guntersville this time of year because he knows what lives in the lake. He says from now until March is the best time of year to hook a monster bass here and expects to catch some of the biggest fish of the year. When asked what it would take to reach monster status he said a 10-pound bass would qualify and he expects to catch one that big. He's seen bass in the low teens

captured this time of year, too. There are plenty of ways to catch Guntersville bass from late January to March, but Randy usually sticks with shallow water. He says that the colder it gets the more shallow the great bass team, and he rarely fishes deeper than 10 feet. You'll be surprised by the number of large bass in less than three feet of water on the coldest days when the water is in your 30s, according to Randy. Right now Randy will have a Rapala DT 6 or DT 10, a Cordell Spot or Rattletrap, a one quarter to three eights ounces of jig and pig to throw, a Texas rigged Paca Craw with a heavy weight to turn in any thick grass he finds and pointer jerkbait ready to try. He likes shade colors in crankbait and the red in lipless bait. Worms and craws are usually green pumpkins, and he also throws a black and blue jig and pig. Although the grass doesn't grow much right now there are still some stubble on the bottom that will hold bass. Randy looks for apartments near a drop and it helps to have grass on the bottom. He finds these kinds of places back in the creeks and out on the largest lake, but winter winds often make it impossible to fish open water. He likes to have some protected areas as well as open water to fish. Bass doesn't have to move much at Guntersville, according to Randy. They live in the same areas all year round, not migrating long distances like they do on some lakes. They will follow baitfish some, but the grass provides so much bluegill at Guntersville that Randy believes they are the biggest food source for bass. Bass is predictable this time of year and Randy finds them in similar places every year. They move some but will usually be near a creek canal or ledge where there are good shallow water apartments with grass stumps. They can concentrate in an area then move a little, but they won't move from the main lake to the back of a creek for a day or so. It helps when they practice at a tournament, but it also means that fishermen find finds No matter what bait you use, it is important to fish as slowly as possible in the cold water. When your crankbait is stuck in the grass, pop it loose gently and let it float up. Do the same with a Spot or Trap, popping it a little and letting it flutter down again. The bass doesn't seem to want to chase a bait far, especially if it moves fast, but Randy says they still hit hard. This time of year, even with the water in your 30s, will provide bone-disharmonic strikes, and it feels like the bass will rip the rod out of your hand. Randy and I were fishing at Guntersville in December and the bass was really scattered in the remaining hydrilla although the beds were becoming sparse. Randy still landed about 20 bass that day and had two over five pounds. He could have weighed in five between 19 and 20 pounds, an excellent catch on most lakes, but Randy was disappointed the big ones didn't hit. Check out the following ten spots. They run from near the dam to far up the river. Bass will hold on to all of them this winter, and there are other similar places all over the lake. You just have to fish and find where the concentrations are to load the boat with big fish. N 34 21 36.4 - W 86 19 46.1 - The long dam crosses Brown's Creek and the shallow humps downstream for it is one of the best places to catch a large bass this time of year. He says if he had to choose a place to land a 10-pound bass, he would never leave Brown's Creek. Randy landed his best bass from Guntersville, 10 pounds, 11-ounce hawg, from this area on a jerkbait. You can find areas on the riprap that are also more protected from the wind than the main lake. Work around riprap, especially downstream side, with a jerkbait and both kinds of crankbaits. Also, throw you is a jig and pig on the rocks. Some days the fish will be near the rocks and others, they will stay a little deeper, the rocks in some places running out 18 to 20 meters deep. You can see on a good map there are points and drops near the riprap and hydrilla growing at the more shallow spots. Downstream of the dam, but near it, there are humps that rise to three or four feet deep and the hydrilla forms mats on them in the summer. There will still be enough grass near the bottom to hold bass now. You may have to fish around the area while watching your depth finder to find these shallow spots. Throw a spot or trap across them and follow up with a crankbait. Fish them very slowly. When you find some fish you can slow down and fish a jig and pig across these shallow areas. You should feel the grass at the bottom and that will help you find the best places. These humps are exposed to the wind. N 34 24 4.90 - W 86 12 45.8 - Drive up to the mouth of Town Creek and stop at the ramp on your right walks in. Start fishing, the bank works a lipless crankbait over the hydrilla that remains in the area. There is deep water near the point on the ramp and bass move up and down this bank feeding. When you reach the back of the hvr Minky Creek Creek to the left jump over and fish, creek, working it as you go in. You will see three large brick houses here and there are milfoil beds to fish. This creek is shallow and keeps good fish at this time of year. Fish it all the way back into Minky Creek. Remember, Randy says great bass is often in three feet of water or less this time of year and can be way back in the creek. If you don't get bites on them try a slower movement jig and pig or jerk bait. N 34 25 10.7 - W 86 15 14.1 - Across the lake follow the canal markers going into Siebold Creek and stop when you get to the island on the left not far away from the bank. Start fishing the islands from there to the left towards the back of this arm. There are humps, points and islands to fish along this side. Fish are in this area now getting ready for the scene of litter. You can often catch several on a trap or stain from an area and then work it with a black Enticer a quarter ounce of jig with a blue or black Zoom Chunk. Cast and fish it in the grass bubble on the bottom. Work as slowly as possible. Randy says fish trap and spot right on the bottom, crawl it together and get it stuck in the grass. Then pop it gently loose and let it fall back to trigger a strike. You will get many more hits if you fish it with an irregular action than if you just hunk and wind. N 34 27 27.6 - W 86 11 53.0 - The bank downstream for Little Mountain Park has humps, grass and duck curtains. Randy says get on this bank, put your trolling engine down and fish, there's always plenty of great bass holding in this area. Some of the humps come up to only one foot deep and there are cuts and holes that are nine to 10 feet deep. The shallows near these holes are usually hot spots. Some ditches cross the apartment and make deeper holes. There is a grass boundary where the water falls deeper along here and the edge of the grass is key. Fish a crankbait along the drop when you can. There's milfoil here, and the breakline is always good. You can work this whole area from the point at Meltonsville to the marina on Little Mountain. Fish across the grass with Trap and Spot, but be sure to throw a jig to duck curtains, too. Just make sure that no hunters are present! It shouldn't be a problem. N 34 30 27.0 - W 86 10 19.3 - Pine Island is a large grassy island in the middle of the river out from Waterfront Grocery Fishing Tackle and Supplies. This is Randy's favorite place on the river year round. The river channel splits and goes on both sides of the grass and falls out 35 feet deep, but the top of the island is only three or four feet deep. There is also a cut in the middle of the island that is more than 12 meters deep. This area is so big that it is difficult to fish. You can spend many hours here fishing what appear to be excellent grass lines and drops without catching anything, then hit a place that is filled with quality bass. For some reason, they will school up in a small place that seems to us to be just like the rest. Fish a trap, spot and crankbait broken lines and over the grass until you find the sweet spot. When you find a good school of fish, they should stay there for a good while. The head of the island creates a power break and shallow near deep water makes excellent structure for bass. N 34 31 31.1 - W 86 08 14.9 - Run up to channel marker 372.2, a large marker on a pole. The South Sauty Creek canal runs into the river channel just upstream for this marker and the canal edges and grass lines along it are good at this time of year. Work all your baits along both creek channels looking for concentrations of bass. Cuts and points on the old canals are good places for the fish. If you start near the channel marker and fish upstream, you can follow the river channel. The break for creek channel is not far from the canal and if you look almost straight up the river but a little to the right you will see creek canal markers. The doe doesn't run out straight from the creek, but swings out then runs down parallel to the river for a long way. Randy says you can start on the canal marker and fish up the creek or stay on the river. You can fish the river ledge and grass stumps along it for seven miles going upstream and find schools of bass all the time here. It gives you a good idea of the amount of water you need to cover to find schools of fish at times. While fishing this place and other Randy says to look for any action on the water. Often a bass will hunt a baitfish making the flick on top of the water giving away the location of a school of bass. It is always worth spending time going to any activity you see and fishing around the area. N 34 36 58.2 - W 86 06 29.4 - Drive back into North Sauty Creek past the other bridge. Fish across the bridge around lily pads, tree stumps and milfoil with lipless crankbaits and a bright jig and pig. This creek offers three fish cubes and is more protected than the open river. Randy says you can start on the second bridge and work the creek edges all the way past the first bridge and out to the river channel. The first bridge has some riprap for fish. Also the fishing bridge and riprap at Goose Pond on the side creek enters the River Channel, which winds over the flat downstream of Goose Pond Marina out to the main river channel is a good place to work carefully. There are a lot of tournaments at the marina and lots of fish are released there, the restocking area constantly. The concentration of keeper size bass is good here from those that are released. Randy says lipless crankbaits, shallow running crankbaits and a bright jig and pigs will catch them here. N 34 36 6.9 - W 86 0 16.4 - Drive up river to the power lines. Both the outer channel ledge and the inner channel ledge from here to BB Comer Bridge have good grass bubble on them and hold a lot of fish. This time of year Randy likes to fish the back of the ledge, so work in behind the grass, too. Hold your boat in 10 metres of water and plunge towards Channel. You will cover the ledge in about five or six meters of water. Work traps and stains as well as a lipless crankbait across this area. As elsewhere, look for any change like a cut or ladder and brake when you catch a fish. N 34 38 58.5 - W 86 0 1.2 - Go into the mouth of Rosebury creek back to the ramp on the left. Start fishing the bank opposite the ramp and working towards the back of the creek. Keep your boat near the creek channel and throw to the edges, working your bait over them. Fish all the way to the dam at the back of the creek. There are stubble and milfoil to fish here. This creek is where Randy has his camper van and was his first stop in one of the BFL tournaments. He confined himself out here, looking for bigger bass for culling. He often finds a good number of bass left in this creek at this time of year. N 34 50 34.7 - W 85 49 57.1 - Walk up to Mud Creek and past the boat ramp. When the channel markers stop be careful, but keep going to the other bridge and under it. The large area where the creek divides into Owen Branch and Blue Springs Branch often keeps great bass this time of year. Back in this area are huge stumps near the creek canal and you don't want to hit them with your engine, but they are what attract bass. There is also plenty of shallow milfoil in this area. Keep your boat in the canal and follow it, casting to both sides to hit tree stumps and other cover along the drop. You'll be in about six feet of water and casting for very shallow water, but Randy says that's where he found fish holding for several weeks when the water was 36 degrees and his rods were freezing up. These sites show you the kind of coverage and structure Randy sees for this time of year. You can fish them to get an idea of what to look for then find some similar spots of your own. These are large areas, but the fish can be anywhere in them, so take some time to find where they last. Once you get at them it will help you find them in other places. Places.

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